

The attention of all parties concerned is hereby called to the following section of the Act relating to the suppression of disease amongst animals. "SECTION 7 A .- It shall be the duty of every person to report immediately to the nearest Executive Inspector or Inspecting Officer, any animal in or about his own premises or the premises of another, which he shall have reason to believe to be affected with any infectious or contagious disease or distemper, and under a penalty of not less than five and not more than one hundred dollars for each offense."

The Inspectors referred to in the above section are Dr. Brodle, V. S., J. H. Brown, and A. B. Hayley.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD.

Japanese Immigrant Laborers.

All persons desirous of obtaining Japanese Immigrants under the auspices of the Bureau of Immigration as household servants or plantation laborers are invited to send to the President of the Bureau of Immigration written applications for the same stating the number and class of

Eight hundred Japanese Immigrants are expected to arrive here on or about the 12th Febcuary, proximo, and recruiting will be vigorously prosecuted during the following mouths of March On their arrival in Honolulu the recruits will be

apportioned to the Applicants, pro-rata, in accordance with the priority of the receipt of the Applications at the Office of the Bureau.

(signed) CHAS. T. GULICK. Minister of Interior, and President Bureau of Immigration.

Interior Department, Bureau of Immigration,

January 22nd, 1885.

Interior Department.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the Minister of the Interior until 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, the 23th day of February, 1885, for she construction of the works herein named. Plans and specifications may be examined at the office of the Minister on and after the 9th day of

The works to be constructed are-First-The basin of the Storage Reservoir, i.e. removing all trees and other vegetable growths, and excavating and removing all earth and rock within the indicated lines.

Second-Building a dam of Brst-class rubble masonry laid in full beds of hydraulic cement. Third-Laying the line of fifteen and twelve luch pipes and setting gates between the storage reserveir and that of distribution, and frun the latter to the point of connection with the pipe system of the city. Note-This work may be divided and

let in two or three sections. Fourth-Constructing the distributing reservoir consisting of an excavation lined with hydraulic cement, concrete or brick-work laid in full hydraulic cement beds and joints, the crosswall and bays to be similarly constructed and the whole

All proposals must be endorsed "Proposals for (deing the particular work for which the bid is A bond must be executed by the contractor

with two (2) approved sureties conditioned upon

the faithful performance of the contract. The Minister reserves the right to reject the Blds may be made for all the above in one

CHAS. T. GULICK, Minister of Interior Interior Office, Dec. 29, 1834. w120-347 fe7

Phases of the Moon During January, 1885.

The Rising and Setting of the Sun The sun rises to-morrow morning at 6:40 o'clock The sun sets this evening at 5:43 p'clock.

COMMERCIAL.

The fellowing is Messrs Williams, Dimond & Co's circular letter per Mariposa:-

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 15, 1884. Dear Sir,-Our last circular was dated January 2d, per steamer Mariposa, SUGAR-Eastern advices report the market

very dull, Centrifugals 96 per cent, test nominal The Refineries have been either wholly idle for

the past fortnight or running very light, and the trades are only buying for immediate require-London cables of the 12th inst., advise a further. advance of Beet sugar to 10s 6d firm. M. Licht

latest report reduces his estimate by 300,000 tons. A Manila cable of the 12th inst., reports an advance of 9s, making the basis 4.98. The crop of the Philippines is estimated at 225,000 tons, or 50,000 excess over the last. RICE-Since our last, an improvement has

taken place and the market is strong @ 4%c at which price several sales have been made. Nearly all of the Island stock is now in the

hands of one importer who is holding for 5c cash, FLOUR-G. G. Extra Family, \$4.50, El Dorado,

BRAN-\$13.50 per ton f.o.b. BARLEY-95c to \$1 per ctl. Grd Barley \$21 and \$21,50 f.o.b.

OATS-Fair \$1,15; medium, \$1.25; choice, \$1.35 \$0 \$1.50 f.o.b. HAY-Cemp. W. & O., \$13,50 to \$16.50; large

bales, \$13 to \$18. LIME-01.50 per bbl. CHARTERS-Freights continue firm, and since our last a large business has been done at higher rates. Last charter 45s Cork, U. K., for iron, 36s 3d Liverpool direct for wood. At this writing tonnage is firmly held, and with a continuation of

decline. Clear weather is wanted for ploughing. EXCHANGE-London sixty days sight \$4.60%.

favorable advices, we do not anticipate any

New York sight % per cent. The brig Claus Spreckels arrived on the 7th instant. To sail January 18, bark Forest Queen hence.

We remain, dear sirs, Yours, faithfully, WILLIAMS, DIMOND & CO.

PORT OF HONOLULU. H. 1.

ARRIVALS.

Steamship Alameda, H G Morse, 6 days and 19 hours from San Francisco Stmr Waimanalo, Neilson, from Waimanalo

THURSDAY, January 22.

DEPARTURES. THURSDAY, January 22. Schr Leahl, for Kohalalele Schr Rainbow, for Koolau

Sehr Manuokawai for Hanamanin

Vessels Leaving This Day.

Stmr James Makee, Welr, for Kapaa, Kaual, vis Waislus, Oahu, at 9 A.M. Sturr W G Hall, Bates, for Maalaes, Kona and Schr Haleaknia, for Pepeekeo

FOREIGN VESSELS IN PORT. Am bktne William Phillips, Potter, from Am bigtne W G Irwin, Turner, from San Francisco

Br bk Banca, Barverrow, from Glasgow Steamship Alameda (Am), Morse, from San

Vessels Expected from Foreign Ports. Steamship City of Sydney, Dearborn, from San Francisco, due Jan 24 Brit bark Orient, from Liverpool, due April

Am tern Norway, Paul, from San Francisco,

Haw bark Thos R Foster, from Newcastle, N S W. due Feb 20 Am bark Hesper, Ryder, from Newcastle, N W, due Feb 25 Steamship Mount Lebanon, D Maxwell, from longkong, via Yokohama, now due Ger bark Meteor, Classen, from Bremen,

Bark Chasca (Brit), from Liverpool Haw steam-bark Morning Star, Bray, from Bos Bark Mendota, from New York, due Mar 1-20 Am brgtne J D Spreckels, Fries, from San Francisco, due at Kahului, Jan 19-15 Am schr Rosalind, from Humboldt, due Jan 10 Am bk Ceylon, Barstow, from Hongkong, due

Am brgtne Consuelo, Cousins, from San Fran cisco, due Jan 25 Am tern Courtney, Ford, from San Francisco due at Kahulul, Jan 25 Am ship Melrose, from Victoria, B C, due Fel

MEMORANDA. The steamship Alameda left San Francisco Jan 15th at 3 p.m. with 70 passengers and 800 tons cargo. Had SE, SW and NW winds with squally weather. Passed steamship Australia at 2;20 p m Jan 20th. Arrived at Honolulu at 10 a m. 6 days

and 19 hours

PASSENGERS. ARRIVALS.

From San Francisco, per Alameda, Jan 22-Co Claus Spreckels, Prof A Agassiz, E C Macfariane W H Holmes and wife, Mrs Dr G F Fitch, Mrs C W Zeigler and two children, J H Kapaa, A H Smith, wife and 2 children, H S Flood, Mrs J F Bowler, Mrs W P Toler and daughter, Thos G Thrum, P T Holmes, Mrs W S Ray, Miss W H Morris, W M Stees, wife and daughter, J H Jennings and son, R. Fabien, Silas Arden, Mr. S. H. Parsons, W. F. Hall and wife, Hugh Whittell, Mrs. Whittell, Miss A Ficke, Miss Lena Ahrens, F E Rice, Wm Buck, Paul Carty, Wm Hoffman, M I

Watkins, S Randall and 29 steerage SHIPPING NOTES. The schr Haleakala takes to-day to C Afong's

plantation, Pepeekee, a double-effect complete.

It was made at the foundry and weighs 50 tons.

The steamship Bordeaux sailed from San Fran-

ciscs for Havre on the 19th tast, with a full cargo The City of Sydney, from San Francisco, en coute for the Colonies, will either arrive to-mor

The schr Norway, Capt Paul, is 14 days out tolay from San Francisco with a genera. cargo for The tern Courtney Ford and the bgtne Cousuelo, are both 13 days out to-day, having left San

Francisco on the 10th inst. They bring a gene-

ral cargo valued at \$5419, and \$4538 respectively. The Consuelo has 130 pigs besides. The schr Marion, Capt McGregor, belonging to the I I S N Co, soon after 4 o'clock yesterday was reported as being ashore at Punaluu, Koolau. She had at the time 280 bags sugar, when she first struck the reef. The men tried to pull her off, but to no effect. Her cargo was soon discharged to

on one side. She may be floated at high tide. The Honoluln Stock Exchange.

At the regular meeting of the Stock Exchange, the following Stocks and Bonds were quoted :

SUGAR STOCKS.		
	BID.	ASKED.
Wajluku Sugar Co	_	\$100
Hawalian Agricultural Co		110
Waimanalo Sugar Co	-	100
The Koloa Sugar Co	-	1200
Pacific Mill Co	-	125
Grove Ranch Plantation Co	200	300
Walanae Co		135
Reciprocity Sugar Co		100
Halawa Sugar Co	_	50
Pala Plantation Co		115
TELEHPONE STOCES		
Hawaiian Bell Telephone Co	20	
MISCELLANEOUS STOC	KS.	
C. Brewer & Co. (Mercantile)		100
Inter-Island S. N. Co	120	132
E, O. Hall & Son (Limited)	70	90
Honolulu Ice Works Co	-	70
Woodlawn Dairy Co	-	150
BONDS.		

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

6 per cent, free from Govern-

Purser Sutton, of the Alameda, has our thanks for late files of papers.

"Elite" ice cream to-night as cold as ever, as nice as usual, and as well served as ever before at the "Saratoga House." The Consuelo will probably arrive here next week, she having left San Francisco on

We are pleased to welcome Colonel Claus Spreckels to Honolulu again. The Colonel is looking in good health, and, as

usual, is full of business. The foreign news received per Alameda is of no very special interest, but includes many items of general interest. A summary will be found elsewhere in to-day's ADVER-

The O. S. S. Alameda arrived vesterday, She was sighted off Waimanalo at an early hour and made good time to the wharf, where she arrived at a little after 9 o'clock.

Mr. E. C. Macfarlane, proprieter of this amongst the arrivals per Alameda yesterday. Mr. Macfarlane visits the Islands on business, and also to enjoy a rest.

Messrs. Williams, Dimond & Co.'s Cir cular, received per Alameda yesterday was the same as the one published by us on the 9th. The copy was evidently sent by mistake, as it was headed "per Mariposa." At a later hour we received the current one, which we publish.

Yesterday morning, at an early hour, the horse attached to a light buggy, in which was seated a Portuguese woman and her tenyear-old boy, stumbled, and the boy was thrown out of the front of the wagon. He was caught under a front wheel, and dragged a short distance before the horse was stopped. The side of his face was badly bruised, the skin and flesh being scraped off from one cheek. He was taken into a house near by, and the woman drove away to get medical | Neilson had refused to answer had been assistance.

SUPREME COURT-JANUARY TERM, 1885.

Chief Justice Judd presiding.

THURSDAY, January 22nd, 1885. Mokueha vs William McCandless. As sumpsit. Kinney and Peterson for plaintiffs. The trial was commenced yesterday

at 2:5 p.m., and at 5 o'elock p.m. the Court

The above trial was resumed this morning at 10 o'clock, and at 2 o'clock this afternoon, the jury retired to consider their verdict, which was \$200 for the plaintiff, with full costs.

adjourned for the day.

Harriet A. Coleman vs Charles C. Coleman, separation. A. S. Hartwell for plaintiff; C. W. Ashford for defendant. Ordered that healing on plaintiff's motion that defendant show cause why the decree should not stand final: that it be heard before the Court in Banco, and that the case be placed on the Banco calandar for to-morrow

Police Court.

BEFORE POLICE JUSTICE BICKERTON.

THURSDAY, Jan. 22.

Three haole drunks were brought up this morning, and paid a fine of \$6 each.

Ching Fong, who is under arrest for havng opium in his possession, was remanded until next Tuesday.

The case against the boy who was brought ap yesterday on a charge of truancy, was discontinued.

An Important Notice.

In the "By Authority" column, to-day, will be found a notice from the Board of In spectors of Animals, calling attention to Section 7 A of the laws relating to the suppression of disease amongst animals.

At the last meeting of the Board, it was resolved to publish this section, in order that all might know what are their duties in regard to reporting cases of sickness amongst their own or their neighbors' stock.

An Accident.

(Amateur reporter interrupting grizzled editor in middle of "leader." "Want

an item ?" G. E. (without looking up) "Of course." The item : "As we were passing Benson, Smith & Co.'s drug store last night, we saw the clerks trying to catch a rat. One of them was at the desk armed with a broom, his fellow clerk was near the door ready to hit the rat with a ruler. A third started it from under the counter and one clerk hit him over the back, when he ran towards to the door and another struck it. He then drove it back to the third one who hit him with his boot on the head, laying it out flat. They then threw it out the door near us which

Professor Agassiz.

Among the passengers by the Alameda, lighten her. She is in a dangerous position, lying esterday, was Professor Agassiz, of Harvard Iniversity, who visits the Islands partly for ecreation, but mainly in pursuit of scientific explorations. Professer Agassiz is the son of the late Professor Louis Agassiz, of worldwide fame, and is himself one of the most distinguished scientists of the present day. He was the original locator and the principal owner of the celebrated Calumet and Hecla copper mines, near Lake Superior, the product of which has yielded him an immense fortune, aggregating in the neighborhood of fifteen millions of dollars, a large portion of which he has expended in the development and progress of science. Harvard College has been the recipient of very princely donations at his hands, which he has contributed from time to time in his silent, modest way, and free from the ostentatious parade which usually characterizes donations of most rich men. We have reason to congratulate ourselves upon the arrival of such a distinguished savant in our midst.

San Francisco and Coast Items.

From our exchanges, received per Alaneds, we clip the following items:

The case of A. B. Spreckels, charged with attempting to murder M. H. De Young, was called in Judge Lawler's Court, but on account of the continued illness of Hall McAllister, one of the counsel for Spreckels, it was again postponed until the 24th inst. This was done in accordance with the agreement of the counsel when the case was called on the Sth inst., when Mr. Lloyd assented to a continuance on the condition that if Mr. McAllister were still sick the case should go over again, but should be set peremptorily for a future day. The case will accordingly be proceeded with on the 24th

The schooner Premier was docked at the Mission-street wharf recently. She shows but little indication of damage. The vessel stranded at Fanning's island, nearly three hours shead of her usual time. | and, not being heard from for over six months, the insurance on her was paid, Subsequently, when information was received of her safety, some of her owners sold out, Captain J. H. Bruce purchasing journal and of the San Francisco Wasp, was one-eighth of the vessel for \$50, and onesixteenth was sold for \$25. They now have an interest in a vessel valued at fully

> The ship Melrose, which put into the port of San Francisco in distress, will discharge a portion of her coal to locate where she is damaged. After repairs she will reload and complete her voyage to

Carson, Jan. 14.-Jones's election as

United States Senator from Nevada was

confirmed to-day on joint ballot. The taking of the deposition of William M. Neilson in the libel suit of Sarah Althea Sharon against the Alta has again been postponed. Davis Louderback, accompanied by Neilson, appeared before Public Knox and stated that the questions submitted to Judge Hunt in open Court and had been taken under advisement. Au adjournment was accordingly taken

until 2 o'eloek. Later in the day Judge Hunt rendered his decision on Neilson's refusal to auswer the questions, saying: "From the character of the testimony, concerning which the question was asked, it is apparent that the witness might reasonably exercise the statutory right of declining to answer the same, if, in his opinion, such answer might tend to convict him of the crime of felony. If, therefore, upon the renewal of these proceedings, the wita ness Neilson places his declination to answer the question upon this ground, the referee will sustain the objection and an answer will not be required. But if the witness places his refusal to answer upon any other ground, the notary will disregard his refusal and the witness is directed to answer."

The Chinese who arrived by the Oceanic for Honolulu were transferred to the City of Sydney for transportation to their destinies on Sunday, the 18th.

The old estallished firm of Sresevich, Gray & Co., having branches in San Jose, Watsonville, Santa Cruz and Soquel, has retired, having sold their business to R. Levy, one of the late firm.

LEGATE'S LETTER.

Which Brings Into Question St. John's Integrity as a Prohibitionist. St. Louis, January 11th .- In connection with the controversy between Governor St. John of Kansas, and J. S. Clarkson of Iowa, and others, respecting the alleged offer of St. John to withdraw from the Presidential canvas for money, the Globe-Democrat will to-morrow publish the following letter, addressed to A. C. Kerens, of this city. The words in brackets are supplied by the editor of the Globe-Democrat, they having been omitted

in the original: CLEVELAND, O., October 10, 1884.—DEAR SIR: I made a mistake in coming here. I should have gone to Detroit. Have been communicating with him [St. John] by telegraph. I have said to him [that at the] Conference it was two fifths down in Philadelphia tomorrow night and three fifths by the 18th, and he insisted upon 15 [16th for second payment], provided he left for Philadelphia to-day, and said "Our P"

[Senator Plumb] told me it should be done. Just got this [from St. John]:

"All right, will leave in a short time for Philadelphia. Will cancel all west of there. Meet me in Pittsburg to-night." I sent your telegram under the name of Johnson, because I did not want to use my own name. I confess I made a pledge quite, wildly, but Plumb told me to make it. I mean by that, he told me to keep St. John quiet in this State, and get him to Cincinnati and you would give him \$5,000 or \$10,000, will my pledge be good, and he said yes, Kerens will [give] him \$10,000. So if I have cut a big hog, the pork belongs to Plumb. Now I am going to Pittsburg to see him (St. John). Is it not possible for you to send some [one] over from New York to arrange with him and fix him then and "thar." I am a little guilty, because you don't respond to Johnson's call for aid for his country. It was not possible you were seduced on the road home and thus led astray, nor that you are drunk, for you are too good a St. Johnite, and love Sunday school: I have got St. John out of the State, and made a promise to him that in some way I want it redeemed. You may not care a d-n, but I have to live with him and you don't. So does Plumb Simpson et omne genus. Hell, how scholarly Truly yours, JAMES F. LEGATE. New York, January 11th .- The following letter

was sent Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant by Mr. W. H.

640 FIFTH AVENUE, January 10, 1885.

Mrs. Ulysses S. Grant-Dear Madam: So many isrepresentations have appeared in regard to the loan made by me to General Grant, and reflecting unjustly upon him and myself, that it seems pr to briefly recite the facts. On Sunday, the 4th of May last, General Grant called at my house and asked me to lend him \$150,000 for one day. I gave him my check without question, not because the trans-action was business like, but simply because the request care from General Grant. The misfortunes which overwhelmed him in the next twenty-four hours aroused the sympathy and regret of the whole country. You and he sent me, within a few days of the time, deeds of your joint properties to cover this obligation, and urged my acceptance on the ground that this was only a debt of honor which the General had personally incurred, and these deeds * returned. During my absence in Europe, the General delivered to my attorney mortgages upon all his war real estate, house-hold effects, and swords, necals, and works of art, which were memorials of his victories. and presents from Governments all over the world. These securities were, in his judgment, worth \$150. At his solicitation the necessary steps were taken by the judgment, etc., to reduce these proper-ties to possession, and the articles mentioned have been this day bought in by me and the amounts bid applied to the reduction of the debt. Now that I am at liberty to treat these things as my own disposition of the whole matter, that most in accord with my feelings is this: I present to you, as your separate estate, the debt and judgment I told against General Grant; also the mortgages upon his real estate and all the household fur fiture and ornaments, coupled only with the condition that the swords, commissions, medals, gifts from the United States, cities and foreign Governments and all articles of historical value and interest shall, at the General's death, or, if you desire it, sooner be presented to the Government at Washington, where they will remain as perpetual memorials of his fame and of the history of his time. I euclose herewith the assignments to you of the mortgages and judgments, and the bill of sale of personal propand judgments, and the officer sate of personal property and deed of trust in which the articles of historical interest are enumerated. A copy of this trust deed will, with your approval, he forwarded to the President of the United States for deposit in the proper Department. Trusting that this action will meet with your acceptance and approval, and with

spectfully, (Signed), W. H. VANDERBILT. GENERAL GRANT'S REPLY. NEW YORK CITY, January 18, 1885 .- DEAR SIR: Mrs. Grant wishes me to answer your letter of this evening to say that, while she appreciates your great generosity in transferring to ker a mortgage given to secure my debt of \$150.000, she cannot accept it in whole. She accepts with pleasure the trust which applies to the articles enumerated in your letter, to go to the Government of the United States at my leath, or sooner, at her option. In this matter you have anticipated the disposition which I had contem-plated making of the articles. They will be delivered to the Government as soon as arrangements can be made for their reception. The papers relating to all the other property will be returned, with the request that you have it sold and the proceeds applied to liquidate the debt which I so justly owe you. You have stated in your letter with the minutest accuracy the history of the transaction which brought me in your debt. I have only to add that I regard your giving me your check for the amount without in-quiry, as the ect of marked and unusual friendship. The loan was to me personally. I got the money as I believed to carry the Marine National Bank over a day, being assured that the bank was solvent, but owing to unusual calls it needed issistance until it could call in its loans. I was assured by Ferdinand Ward that the firm of Grant & Ward had over \$660,-000 to their credit at that time in the Marine Bank, besides \$1,300,000 of unemployed securities in their own vaults. I cannot conclude without assuring you that Mrs. Grant's inability to avail herself of your great kindness in no way tessens either her sense of obligation or my own. Yours truly,

U. S. Grant.

W. H. VANDERBILT, Esq. VANDERBILT'S ANSWER TO GRANT.

640 FIFTH AVENUE, January 11th, 1885. GENERAL U. S. GRANT-My Dear Sir: On my return home !ast night I found your letter in answer to mine to Mrs. Grant. I appreciate fully the scotideclining a part of my proposition relating to the real estate. I greatly regret that she feels it her duty to make this decision, as I earnestly hoped the pirit in which the offer was made would overcome any scruples in accepting it. But I must insist. I shall not be defeated in the purpose to which I have given go much thought, and which I have so much at heart. I will, therefore, as fast as the noney is received from the sales of real estate, deposit it in the Union Trust Company. I will at once create with that company a trust with a proper pro-vision for an income to be made Mrs. Grant during ner life, and giving power to her to make such dispo-sition of the principal by her will as she may elect. Very truly yours, WILLIAM H. VANDERBILT.

GENERAL U. S. GRANT.

FURTHER CORRESPONDENCE. New York, January 11th.—Dean Siz: Your letter of this date received, Mrs. Grant and I regret you cannot accept our proposition to retain the property which was mortgaged in good faith to secure the debt of honor, but your generous determination compels us to no longer resist. Yours truly, U. S. GRANT. W. H. VANDERBILT.

MRS. GRANT FIRMLY DECLINES.

New York, Sunday 11, 1883 .- My Dear Mr. Vander-Upon reading your letter General Grant and myself feel it would be ungracious to refuse your princely and generous offer, hence his note to you. But upon reflection I find I cannot, I will not except your munificence in any form. I beg you will pardon this apparent vacilistion and consider this answer definite and final. With s great regard and sense of obligation that will aiways remain, I am, yours very gratefully, Julia D. Grant. MR. W. H. VANDERBILT.

WORSE AND MORE OF IT.

The great divorce case has not ceased to produce great sensationalism. The application of Sarah Althea's counsel for \$150,000 co unsfees and of Sarah Althea for \$10,000 per month alimony, to date back an indefinite number of months, was met by a solemn denial by Sharon of the authenticity of the marriage contract and the Dear Wife letters, a confession by Nellie Brackett, substantiated by a Chinese servant, of the process by which the Dear Wife letters were manufactured, and finally by the production of an alleged agreement between Tyler and Gumpel, by which Gumpel was to receive \$25,000 out of the result of the suit, in case the plaintiff should win, for testifying to the validity of the contract and the Dear Wife letters. The confession of Nellie Brackett contains the pitiful story of a girl of seventeen seduced from her parents and led gradually by the power of a stronger nature into participation in villainy and crime. It bears evidences of sincerity, and will im-

press every candid mind. The affidavit of the defendant recites his advanced age of 64, his condition of health, and the probable shortness of his life, and proceeds to state with great dignity and solemnity, the falsity of the alleged marriage and to denounce the suit as a bare and fraudulent conspiracy on the part of the plaintiff and her confederates, against his person and estate.

The denouement with reference to the Tyler-Gumpel contract was the most surprising. The contract as it appeared on its face was a corrupt one between the expert of the defendant and the attorney of the plaintiff by the terms of which Gumpel was to swear the plaintiff's case through. It was undoubtedly in the handwriting of Mr. Tyler and contained his signature and the apparent signature of Gumpel sworn to and identified as his by one familiar with his handwriting. The astonished silence caused by its production was broken by Mr. Tyler's explanation that the whole thing was a trick gotten up to deceive General Barnes, and with a view to obtain money under false pretenses, that with this view Mr. Tyler had drawn it up and had got Mr. Gumpel to show him how to imitate his, Gumpel's, signature, and that after an hour's practice he succeeded so admirably that the genuine and counterfeit could hardly be distinguished, that he then wrote Gumpel's name to the document and handed it to his clerk to be sold to Barnes as a genuine docu

Whether this is true or whether it was the explanation and defence of a most questionable transaction remains to be seen. But assuming Judge Tyler's stale explanation to be true it demonstrates a capacity and talent for forgery in the distinguished counsel for which he has hardly been credited among his other accomplishments. One would think that so practical an illustration of the ease of forgery as was afforded in this case by counsel not especially expert in handwriting, in the imitation of the difficult signature of an expert, would throw a cloud of suspicion upon the authenticity of the documents put in evidence by the plaintiff, and which bear so many suspicious evidences of fraud and deception. Truly, this is a wonderful case. Gumpel, an expert, said to be able to imitate the signature of any man so perfectly as to defy detection. Tyler, the counsel, by his own confessions, able to perfectly imitate after an hour's practice Gumpel's signature, and, finally Sarah Althea, the plaintiff, charged by Nellie Brackett and other evidence, with the forgery of Sharon's name and the fabrication of written documents, and convicted by the Judge of one forgery and fabrication in a document certified to by Cushman, Sharon's clerk, as containing his signature, and finally conveniently lost so as to prevent its production as evidence. Truly, this is a memorable

Advertisements.



This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low-test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baeing Powders Co., 106 Wall-the N. Y.

SECTIONAL MAP OF HONOLULU,

250 tf

HOWING BUILDINGS, WATER-PIPES, Lamp-posts, Hydrauts, etc., on a large scale All parts drawn accurately to scale. Copies for sale by M. D. MONSARRAT.

NOTICE.

The People's Ice Company, That Reduced the price of Ice

"Gazette" Building.

to 1% cents per lb., Will be prompt in commencing the delivery e ICE to their new customers who have given their orders to be served on and after January 1st,

SITUATION WANTED.

GENTLEMAN OF TWELVE YEARS EX. dise, and having a knowledge of bookkeeping and Hawailan, seeks a position as manager of a Address by letter, "X.Y.Z."

Care of J. P. Sisson, 286 WJa27

Advertisements.

THE

Opposite Campbell's Block, and Next Door to the New Bank Building,

Cor. Fort and Merchant Streets.

DURING THE PAST MONTH, THIS

TRADE EMPORIUM

as been Enlarged and Renovated, and the Manager now wishes to inform the Public that an

Has been Received by late Arrivals, and more to Arrive, in the Line of

Clothing, Shirts,

Opposite Campbell's Block.

J. L. ROSENBERG.

Shawls.

Gowns

Chemises

Neckwear, Underwear, Hose, Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks,

The Main Feature of the O. P. M. B. is to sell 25 per cent. Lmss than any of its Competitors. This it is enabled to do by the advantages of Low Rents, Purchasing for Cash, and General Good Management.

Bags, Valises, Etc., Etc.

CALL AND INSPECT

Our Large & Varied Stock.

Thanking our Friends and the Public for their Generous Support heretofore, we respectfully solicit a continuance of their patronage

AT THE

Mechanics' Bazaar,

COR. FORT AND MERCHANT STS.,

a Store open from 6 A. M. to 8 P. M. Saturday Evening till 10 o'clock.

Honolulu, H. I.

Sun Bonnets,

Waists

Dresses,

Cloaks,

S. W. LEDERER, Manager

THE LADIES.

READ!

Just Received by last Steamer one of the Largest Involces of

Ladies' Aprons, Children's Chemises, Drawers, Infants' Robes, Aprons, Drawers, Gowns. Skirts, Skirts, Cloaks. Skirts. Sacques, Dresses.

Wrappers Calico Wrappers, -00 ALL THE ABOVE GOODS WE ARE ABLE TO OFFER AS SPECIAL INDUCEMENTS.

Collars,

Fishues.

Chemises

Corset Covers

--:0:--We also would state that we are constantly receiving new and desirable styles of goods direct from the manufacturers, and that we shall spare no exertion to meet, by prompt attention, low prices, and the best of goods, you entire confidence.

Orders from the other Islands promptly attended to. TEMPLE OF FASHION,

Nos. 61 AND 68 FORE STREETS